

How to defend against Ransomware attacks?



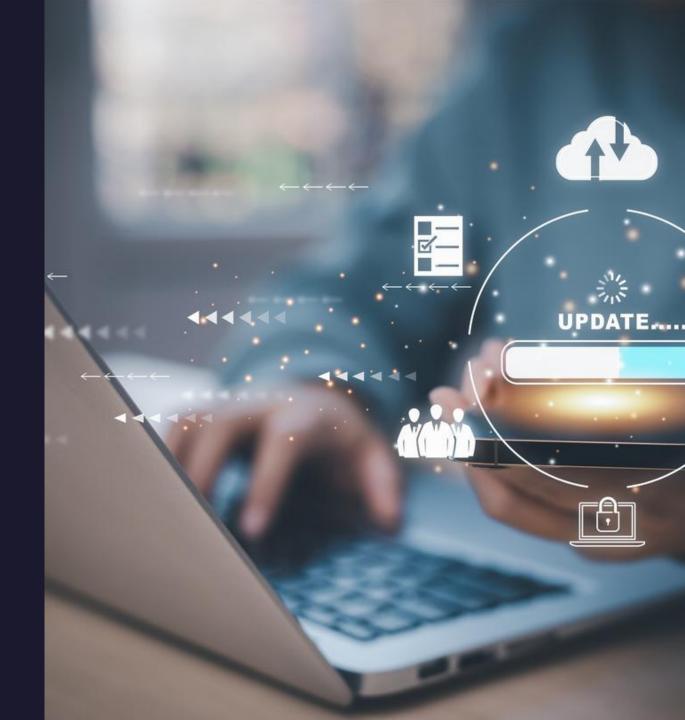


Keep Systems and Software Updated



- ✓ Apply patches promptly: Many ransomware strains exploit known vulnerabilities. Regularly update operating systems, applications, and firmware.
- ✓ Automate updates where possible to ensure no critical patches are missed.
- ✓ Remove or replace unsupported software that no longer receives security updates.





Use Strong Backup Practices

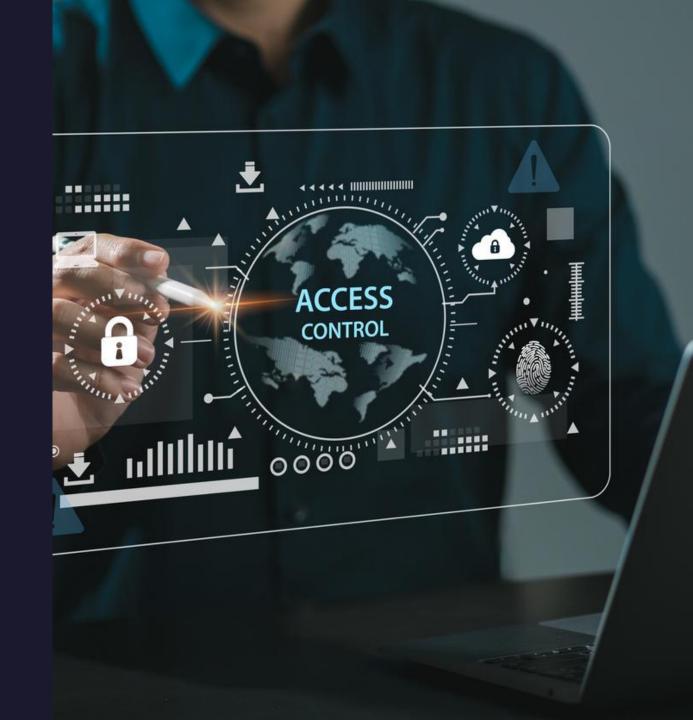
- ✓ Follow the 3-2-1 rule: Keep 3 copies of your data, on 2 different types of storage, with 1 copy stored offline or offsite.
- ✓ Test backups regularly to confirm they can be restored quickly and completely.
- ✓ Encrypt backup data so that even if backups are stolen, they cannot be misused.



Strengthen Access Controls



- ✓ Enable Multi-Factor Authentication (MFA) for all critical systems.
- ✓ Limit user privileges: Only give employees access to the data and tools they need.
- ✓ Use unique, strong passwords, for critical system 16+ signs.



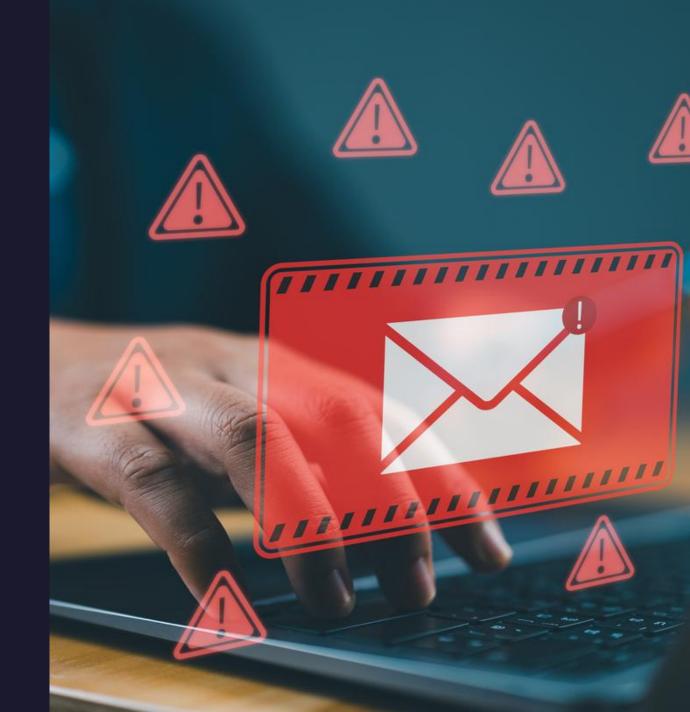
Deploy Security Tools and Monitoring

- ✓ Use reputable endpoint protection that can detect and block ransomware before it executes.
- ✓ Set up intrusion detection and monitoring to spot unusual activity early.
- ✓ Segment your network so that an infection in one area cannot spread across the entire environment.



Train Employees and Build Awareness

- ✓ Educate staff about phishing: Many ransomware attacks begin with malicious email attachments or links.
- ✓ Run regular simulations to test readiness.
- ✓ Create a clear reporting process so suspicious emails or activity are flagged immediately.



Develop and Test an Incident Response Plan

- ✓ Have a step-by-step playbook for responding to a ransomware event. Don't forget the external communication plan.
- ✓ Name the crisis team and clarify the responsibilities in the event of a crisis in advance, so that everyone knows their responsibilities and task.
- ✓ Conduct cyberattack simulations to test the plan in realistic conditions and uncover gaps before a real incident.



We recommend Zero Trust Architecture

- ✓ Verify every user and device before granting access.
- ✓ Continuously monitor trust levels to prevent lateral movement if a breach occurs.
- ✓ Apply least-privilege access by default, ensuring accounts and devices get only the minimum rights needed.



Key Takeaways

Stay updated

 Regularly patch and replace outdated systems to close common entry points for ransomware.

Back Up Smartly

 Maintain encrypted, offline backups and test them often to ensure fast recovery.

Limit Access

 Apply leastprivilege access, MFA, and network segmentation to reduce the blast radius of an attack.

Plan and Train

 Build an incident response plan and train employees to recognize and report suspicious activity quickly.

Get in touch. We are happy to support.

www.patecco.com info@patecco.com